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## LETTER

A Physician in the Country

ON

ANTMAL - MAGNETISM,

WITH

## HIS ANSWER.

How better than they are, are all things made

By wonder?

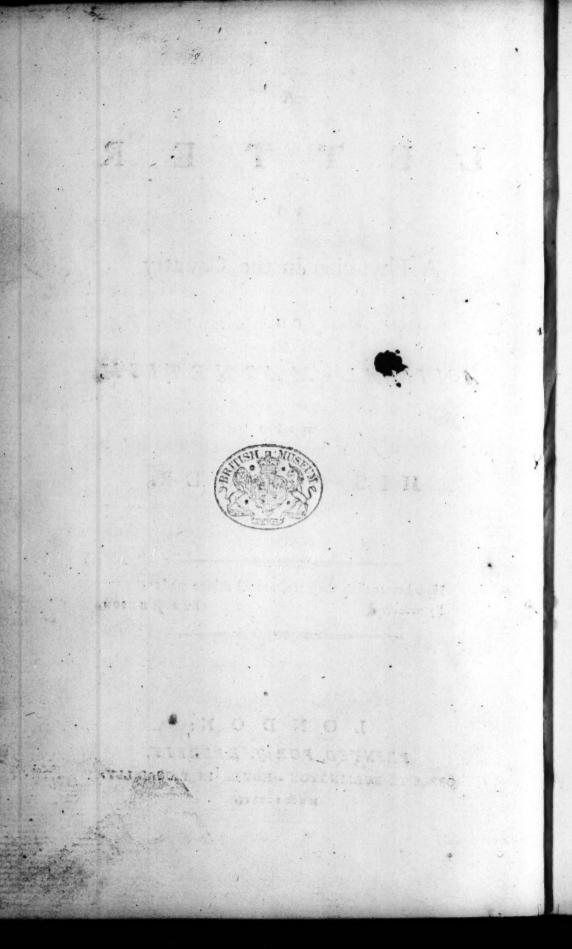
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## PREFACE.

THE Editor begs leave to inform his Readers, that the two following Letters were not originally intended for the press; but a select party of friends being of opinion that they might not prove entirely useles, or unentertaining, obtained leave of the writers to give them to the public, with the addition of a few explanatory notes.

H 

## LETTER,

London, April 20, 1786.

DEAR DOCTOR,

YOUR very anxious and particular enquiry concerning the progress of the new science, which bears the name of Animal Magnetism, does not very much surprize me, as it seems to spread a general alarm through every

B branch

branch of the medical profession, by hanging out a speedy, certain, and effectual cure for every disorder to which our poor impersect frame is exposed, either by inheritance, intemperance, or decay. Having had the curiosity to attend several public exhibitions of the most celebrated professor in this line, and having spared no pains to make the most minute enquiries into the grounds of his doctrine, I have been able to collect, that the system of this admirable and truly useful virtuoso, as well as that of his enlightened brother adepts, is nearly as follows:

That the undescribable power, to which they have by common consent agreed to give the name of Animal Magnetism, is inherent in every living organized being; but that the art of reciprocally applying it, to and from each other,

other, for the discovery and cure of the many distempers to which human nature is fo liable, is known only to a chosen few; being the refult of intense study, and not to be acquired without long and assiduous practice. That this knowledge is capable of being taught, and communicated like other branches of science; but that some fortunate individuals will, notwithstanding, possess this desirable power in a superior degree to others; in the fame manner, as we every day see wide differences in the abilities, strength, health, &c. of different persons of our That some constitutions acquaintance. are much more fensible to the operations of this power than others, owing probably to a greater irritability in the nervous fystem. That persons of firm muscular texture, and rude health, are hardly affected by the emanations of the magnetic effluyia B 2

effluvia at all; Nature having wisely ordained, that fuch as stand most in need of the affistance of these salutiferous exhalations, should be most susceptible of their energetic impulses. That the effect of the magnetical effluxions on fome habits is fo ftrong, as to throw those who possess them into a kind of temporary trance, or extatic idiocy, during which period they have every appearance of fomno-ambulants:-This fituation the learned revivors \* of this art have chosen to dignify with the appellation of the crifis.—That during this crifis the patient is absolutely, soul and body, under the dominion of the person who has thrown her + into this condition; and is obliged, involuntarily.

<sup>\*</sup> The Letter-writer's reasons for using the word revivors will appear in the sequel.

<sup>+</sup> He deems himself authorized to make use of the minine gender through this part of his letter, as he

involuntarily, to answer every question proposed by the magnetizu; and to submit to his, or her, commands implicitly.—That as long as this state of torpid infensibility continues, or, in the terms of art, during the criss, the patient is totally insensible to what she does herself, as well as to what is passing around her; but at the fame time, fhe becomes poffessed of the very peculiar and wonderful faculty of finding out the constitutional, or accidental, complaints of any persons who will fubmit to be felt and examined by her; her power, indeed, while she remains in this admirable paroxism, which may be called either a state of exaltation, or debasement, is extended still

never faw more than one male patient under the hands of the operator; or ever heard that any man had been found with nerves tender enough to reach the sublime heighth of magnetism called the criss.

higher;

higher; as she is then likewise gifted with the additional and inconceiveable ability of perceiving distinctly, by the simple act of vision alone, what passes in the minutest vessels of the person under her examination: she continues in this enviable condition for fome hours, long enough to fcrutinize with microscopic accuracy the internals of a variety of underpatients, unless the charm is taken off, if I may so express myself, by the same person who first brought her to the crisis. or by some other operator equally skilled in this magnetic mystery.-What yet adds to this almost miraculous privilege, is, that the patient, when she returns again to the enjoyment of her own proper faculties, is totally infensible to every particular which has passed during her temporary abstraction. Such a predispoling idiofyncracy of nerves is not, indeed,

deed, commonly met with, as enables a patient to arrive at a compleat crifis; those persons therefore who are found perfectly fusceptible of fo rare a sensibility, are confidered as the diftinguished favourites of Nature, and are of course exceedingly prized; as by means of the discoveries made by these involuntary agents it is, that the Doctor arrives at the knowledge of the most complicated and hidden diforders.-The common fymptoms of other patients, who are incapable of arriving at this defired acmé, are involuntary fomnolency, hysteric and spasmodic affections, fuch as fweating, laughing, crying, fighing, coughing, fneezing, fainting, &c. &c. and a few are occasionally thrown into the most violent convulsions. These. it feems, are all of them different methods adopted by Nature, for throwing off the various burthens with which she is overloaded.

overloaded. A further principle of this very useful science is, that the particles of magnetism rebound again, if I may be permitted to use the term, from the patients to the operators, mixed with, and accompanied by, the noxious miasma of the disease itself, to the no small annovance of the magnetizers; who confequently find themselves sometimes involved in very difagreeable and painful circumstances:-but these symptoms, though rather alarming, fubfide by degrees, according to the strength, or weakness of the rebounding impulses. This effect is termed by the adepts magnetical re-action, and is more particularly felt by those, who during the continuance of the crisis on themselves, are employing their newly acquired powers, in discovering the infirmities of the patients under their examination, as appears by the evident marks

marks of pain and diffress, which they express during their charitable investigation.

This admirable operation is performed, by seating the patient in a chair, and throwing the animo-magnetic effluvia from the ends of the operator's singers into the different parts of the patient's body, by gentle jerks, or sprinklings, at any distance in the room\*, both doctor and patient preserving a rigorous silence, and the former rivetting his eyes strongly on the latter. Though a constant action of the singers is kept up by the operator,

\* In his introductory discourse, the learned professor assures his auditory, that distance has little or nothing to do with the effects of animal magnetism, for that he could just as easily affect a patient from one side of Bloomsbury-square to the other, as he could in his Exhibition-room; an affertion which not one of the company seemed to doubt the truth of.

as if he was sprinkling his patient with holy water, the Areams of the healing fluid pass unseen, unheard, and, by the confession of the patients themselves, totally unfelt. Three or four subjects are generally under this course at the fame time; one under the supreme director of the ceremony himself, and others committed to the care of some of his initiated affiftants, either male or female. In about a quarter of an hour the effects of the magnetic impression begin to appear, by a visible anxiety and uneafiness in the countenances of the different patients, accompanied with a dejection of look. and a difficulty of breathing; the performers then ply them with quicker and stronger motions of their hands and fingers, which, by degrees, occasions them to exhibit the various appearances I have already described, -Among other patients, which

which at different exhibitions I had the pleasure to see subjected to this very fingular operation, there was a robust middle aged man, who, in hopes of a cure for a gouty habit, as he informed the company, submitted publicly to be worked into the strongest and most violent convultions, to the no small terror of the female part of a very polite and respectable affembly, which curiosity had contributed to bring together; This very complaifant patient sweated, groaned, writhed, kicked, plunged, and rolled about the floor, during the process, with great feeming agony; though, on an application to his pulse, I could not perceive any the least alteration in that established index of animal fensation,-On expressing my furprize, however, at fuch a difappointment, I was given to understand, that among other striking characteristics

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of its fingularity, this operation possessed that of not at all affecting the arterial circulation of those even under its strongest impulses; and that of course these magnetic convulfions were very different from those to which the body is subject in the ordinary course of Nature; to which opinion I was the more readily induced to subscribe, after making the same unfuccessful experiment on a lady in the very fublimest heighth of the celebrated crifis, who, though to all appearance half asleep, quite lifeless, and utterly infenfible, poffeffed a very firm and regular pulsation. On this occasion, though I felt myself perfectly free from any indisposition, I could not refist the very favourable opportunity which offered itself, of being informed, with fuch unerring certainty, whether every thing was really and bona fide as found within me as I flattered myfelf; I therefore

I therefore chearfully fubmitted to the uncontrouled examination of this fingularly gifted damfel; who was accordingly conducted to me by one of the Doctor's female affiftants, and supported herself by leaning on me with one hand, while the employed the other in feeling, and wandering lightly, with no unpleafant friction, over the region of the thorax; occasionally straying down the sternum, towards the enfiform-cartilage, and short ribs; and at times infenfibly creeping along the abdomen, in a direction to the os-pubis; which, as my fenfations of every kind are naturally rather acute, produced nearly the complicate, and femipainful effect of tickling; not willingly, however, to interrupt her interesting refearches, I bore her tantalizing touches with determined refignation. After about ten minutes investigation; the experienced fubstitute

fubstitute under whose immediate infuence my fearcher was at the time, asked her what she observed in my inside; the replied in a languid broken tone, that the plainly perceived fomething red, with a black spot upon it; the adept immediately told me, with the utmost gravity of authority, that my spleen was undoubtedly affected: On a further enquiry, the faid, the discerned something like fmoke rifing out of my left fide; this phænomenon her interpreter did not feem fo well able to account for; I could not, however, help giving some degree of credit to the fair oracle, as I actually began to feel, that my spleen was indeed very inclinable to rife, I then acquainted the manager, that having accidentally in my youth had the misfortune to fracture a rib or two, which at times gave me much pain, I should consider myself highly

highly obliged to him, if he would direct his fubmissive agent to exert her supernatural perceptions, and inform him whether those unfortunate bones were perfectly cemented. The Doctor, with the liberality of a man of true science. faid, he should be very ready to comply with my request, as it was perfectly within the sphere of his pupil's power to satisfy any fuch reasonable doubts; but that at present, he observed his protegé was growing uncommonly faint and weak, and that humanity called upon him to restore her to her fenses; which he accordingly proceeded to do, with a few vigorous and efficacious applications from the fingers of both hands; on receiving the influence of which, she appeared to revive gradually, as from a dream, and thus the exhibition concluded. On my departure from this very extraordinary scene, I could not avoid

avoid remarking, that all who had been the subject of animo-magnetical experiments, except myself, remained in the learned Doctor's apartments, which led me to conclude, that they were either what is called in-door patients, or else, that with the politeness and liberality which so apparently distinguishes his conduct, this worthy professor had previously invited them to partake of a refreshing meal, after the satigues of the morning.

I have already hinted, that this promising science is by no means a new discovery, nor indeed pretended to be so by the modern revivors of it. A reader of curious research will find evident traces of it in the Rabbinical writings of the most ancient Jews, as well as in the books of the eastern Gymnosophists. Something anologous to it may also be met with, dispersed

differfed among the remaining fragments of Egyptian learning, and in the works of the most refined of the Grecian philosophers. But a doctrine of this tendency Is much more perceptibly scattered up and down the abstruse and mysterious productions of many of the Rosicrucio-hermetic Illuminati, about two or three centuries back; particularly in the occult philosophy of the celebrated Cornelius Agrippa-In Raymundius Lulius de airtutue magnetis-In the Theologia Mystica of Conradus Absurdus -In Albertus Magnus De Natura Rerum -In the Opuscula Curiosa of Bartholdus Bumbostrokius.—The Mundus Magneticus of Cafimir Okolskoy likewise abounds in references to the existence of such a subtle. and potent agent, in the component parts of animal bodies. Neither were the learned Arabian chymists and metaphysicians totally without ideas of the preva-

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lence of this wonderful quality in man, as may be easily feen, by confulting the Ketaz-aziz of that eminent Doctor, Abdulfar-azer, and others of their principal authors. The fublime and exalted doctrines of quietism, which were propagated with fuch wonderful success by the Jesuit Molinos, about a hundred and fifty years ago, feem also to have no small connection with the lately revived opinions concerning animal magnetism; the extatic transports, and mental annihilations, to which the chosen devotees of that feet were subject, during the continuance of which the foul was totally ignorant, and consequently innocent, of what was going on in the poor deferted body, must be allowed to bear a striking similitude to the prefent fashionable criss. To an agency of this animo-magnetic kind must likewise be attributed the successful operations of that en lince

that renowned Jefuit, Father Girard, upon his lovely penitents, Mesdames Cadiere, Batterelle, La Guiol, La Laugier, La Reboul, &c. &c. with this trifling difference only, that the pious director of the tender consciences of those susceptible young ladies possessed the more refined art of communicating the magnetic impulses, and producing the defired criffs among his fair patients, by only breathing on them.-For my own part, I have even had my doubts, whether a veln of this magnetic power is not discoverable in the highly elaborated passages of some of the most sentimental modern novels, especially those imported from our refined neighbours the French, towards the improvement of the rifing generation. The bewitching communications, undefcribable fenfations, involuntary palpitations, ineffable perceptions, sympathetic attractions, lambent effusions,

fusions, melting thrillings, intuitive vibrations, fatal fascinations, and extatic deliriums,
with which these moral and entertaining
productions are filled, may perhaps be as
easily accounted for, by the energetic
action and re-action of the animo-magnetic
particles, abounding in the corporeal
atoms of two young persons of different
sexes, as upon the old-fashioned principles of mutual love and inclination.

Presuming that your curiosity is fully satisfied, as to the undoubted efficacy of this method for the discovery and cure of every disorder, I shall next proceed to inform you of the means, by which our English professor of this useful art proposes to render it of the most important and extensive benefit to mankind. In his introductory lecture, which may be called a kind of prologue to those eleemo-synary.

ments the backwardness of the faculty, in applying to him for instruction and initiation; and very generously pledges himself to discover his secret, without see or reward, to any six regular bred physicians, upon their giving him their honour only, that they will afterwards practise upon nine poor subjects gratis every morning. Now, as the whole process seldom exceeds an hour for each patient, it is certainly not a little extraordinary, and much to be lamented, that

the reader to be improperly used in this place, when he is told, that the very candid professor informs his audience, that something will be expected by the servant who introduces them, towards cleaning and preparing the exhibition room, &c. Now, two hundred, or two hundred and fifty half-crowns, or even shillings, every week, is no trisling douceur to somebody. The famous Celestial Doctor also gives his lectures gratis, on his servants receiving a shilling for candles.

not a fingle-individual of the worthy tribe of our medical philanthropists have yet applied for admission, as they could arrive at the possession of this inestimable arcanum, for the paltry consideration of devoting fo small a portion of their time as nine hours a day to the relief of the poor and afflicted. Another branch of his most benevolent plan is, to form two Hygizan societies, one of twenty ladies, and another of twenty gentlemen, who are separately to be fully instructed in the theory and practice of this admirable mystery, by which, to use the worthy Doctor's own words, "They will be enabled to orevent, relieve, and cure, almost every " disease to which the human body is fubject, without the affiftance of any or preparations or machinery whatfoever; 55 the great Maker of all having wonderfully given us the means of alleviating e our

our own and our fellow-creatures fuf-" ferings:" and of doing what is still more truly aftonishing, " of perhaps enabling " life to continue until some material part " of the machine wears out "." - After each of these classes are fully and perfectly accomplished, it is further intended, that they shall reciprocally, and without the smallest reserve, communicate their discoveries and improvements to each other. This benevolent communication is not indeed, it feems, to be confined to England, but the public spirited Doctor promifes to incorporate these chosen sons and daughters of Hygiza into a very brilliant corps of the same kind, now flourishing in Paris with the dernier eclat, under the auspices of his celebrated colleague Doctor D'Eslon; a society of which, if I mistake not, the much admired Count

<sup>\*</sup> See the Doctor's little blue book, which is particularly addressed, and given to the ladies.

and Countess Cagliostro were the original founders; and, till their late unfortunate retirement, the leading directors and patrons. As these societies encrease, and improve, there is little doubt but they will be deemed worthy of princely encouragement, and formed into one grand and truly respectable body: nor do I desipair, but that the transactions of a Royal-Animo-magnetic Society\* will prove, in due time, as useful, if not altogether as entertaining, as the periodical publications of other learned and dignified bodies.—

The

Although the modern revivors of this abstruse science have thought proper to christen it by the name of Animal Magnetism, I have not been able to learn that the efficacy of their secret has been tried on any part of the creation, except the animal bipes et implume, for which I leave the professors themselves to account.—I cannot, however, help suspecting, that the variety of cheins scavants, learned canary-birds, wise horses, and pigs of knowledge, not to mention the select and most admired part of the company at Sadlers Wells, must have been tutored

The progress and diffusion of this mysterious science will likewise most inevitably afford a new and additional fund of matter for the paragraph writers in our numerous daily, and weekly, sheets of information. Now, my worthy blil friend, as anticipation of every kind is so much the fashion, I trust you will indulge me, in looking forward a few years towards the contents of future news-papers, in which I cannot but conceive something like the following articles of intelligence must in course make their appearance.

by adepts in this art; as it is very remarkable how attentive all these different enlightened brute animals appear to be to the motions of their preceptors' singers.— If this is actually the case, I see no reason why we may not flatter ourselves with the prospect of being able to keep our spavined horses, and mangy hounds, from the cruel operations of merciles farriers, and commit them, as out-door patients at least, to the care of the subaltern fatellites of the animo-magnetic academies.

' Frons

"We have it in our power to affure our readers, that the violent feuds, and animolities, which have long subsisted between the different magnetic and Hyginan clubs are in a fair way of being fpeedily adjusted; and that a selection of the mast experienced members of thate different bodies is to be cemented into one grand animo-magnetic fociety, without distinction of country, age, fex, or complexion; the only difficulty feems to be in the disposal of the chair of this emineut and scientific meeting, for which honor, there are many candidates; it is supposed, however, the election will fall either on the all-accomplished Colonel Van-Smouch of the Guards, the elegant Signora Piozzi, the much talked of Count Cagliofire, or Schiek Manfour, the new Mahometan as ent door parients at leafly to the case of distinguing feelines of the animo-magnetic academies.

O.

that Lady Bridget Bumbuftle was last Saturday morning most disagreeably interrupted in a magnetical conference with Major McNeedle, by the sudden and unexpected intrusion of the two Miss Fidgets, just as the Major was expecting the happy result of his efforts to reduce the fair patient to the so much boasted criss."

Chapel all agree, that the new doctrine of animal magnetism begins involuntary to mix itself with the effusions of the most gifted of the tabernacle apostles; and that a certain very popular holderforth was observed, in a late pathetic discourse, to hint more than observed at the magnetical insuence of grace."

has long been labouring under a compli-

cation

bart-Street, also, we are told of the like general tendency of the fashionable doctrine, which is observed to intrude itself into the pious rhapsodies of the most illuminated speakers; and that the celebrated semale orator, sister Ruth, was convicted of dropping something about the magnetical operation of the spirit; some solks, indeed, go so far as to say, that this truly enlightened sister has actually proposed herself for one of the present semale vacancies in the Royal-animo-magnetic Society, so recently, and so harmoniously established."

"Our last intelligence from Newmanstreet is, that Colonel Dreadnought, having very good-naturedly undertaken the
cure of the celebrated Sally Sulphur, who
has long been labouring under a complication

ably from the deleterious effects of the animo-magnetic ne-action, that he has unfortunately been confined to his room for some weeks; and it is even a doubt among the members of the Hygizean corps, whether this brave and humane officer will ever be rightly his own man again."

"I From a certain county, not a thoufand miles well of London, we learn, that
as Mils Party Pouter, a young lady of the
most remarkable sensibility, was taking a
folitary walk in her papa's woods, with
Rousseau's Eloise in her hand, she was
accidentally surprized by Lord Lurewell,
a young nobleman remarkable for his
scientific researches into the depths of
animal magnetism; what may have passed
at this interview is only matter of con-

jecture, as the young lady was found by her aunt Wrinkle, reclining on a mostly bank, in a kind of half sleepy, but apparently pleasing idiocy, from which it was some time before the could be perfectly recovered, and even then she was able to recollect little more than the mere meeting with the engaging Peer."

"The last male vacancy in the Animo-Magnetic Society, we hear, was filled by that very manly hero Major Motherill, not long since distinguished by the name of the Brighton Taylor: This gentleman was, it seems, proposed by the Duchess Dowager of Dandillon, and carried his election by a most decided majority. The contest on this occasion lay between the Major and the illustrious opera singer, Signor Coglionulli; but it seems, that this unfortunate prince of quavers was not far youred with a single semale voice."

A West-country paper acquaints us, that as the Reverend Dr. Dumpling was preaching his afternoon fermon before the Mayor and Corporation of B-, he was perceived to subside by degrees into a state of apparent lethargy, and actually at length funk down fast afleep in the bottom of his pulpit. The Aldermen in general imputed this unlucky mischance to the narcotic effects of half a dozen foft-roe'd mackarel, which the good Doctor had haftily tucked under his girdle at dinner, without having time to dilute them with his usual quantity of port. Some more acute observers were, however, inclined to think, that the Doctor's whimfical fituation arose entirely from the mischievous manœuvres of the sprightly widow, Mrs. Wishfort, who was feated directly in front of the pulpit; as that lady is well known to be a warm candidate Serros. A

candidate for animo-magnetic orders, and was feel during Thenprayers to employ her taper fingers inpostment not very orthodox. It is even whilpered, that this was by no means the foft time the had fliccessfully carried on her magnetil caliattacks for the discomsture of the poor Doctor's philosophy." ique sin do mottod general imputed this unlucky mischance noto We alenjust made acquainted, that Prince Mabrabain, almost relegant and accomplished young nobleman from Pol landilisolately agrived at the Royal Hotel; im St. James's Street, with a view to put himfelf, under a regular course of animal magnetifm, in hopes of relief for fore very alarming and interesting fymptoms of relaxation, previous to his effoufals with a beautiful young Princess of the poble and ancient House of Dibidinowsky."

as that lady is well known to be a warm

"A Correspondent observes to us, that among other remarkable singularities attending the members of that very useful and distinguished body the Animo-Magnetic Society, and the inferior Hygizean meetings dependant thereon, it is universally allowed, that their lucubrations, of whatever kind they may be, seem invariably to tend towards producing opposite effects on the constitutions of the different sexes, by visibly improving the corpulence of the female virtuosi, at the same time that the male students are, by their indefatigable exertions, most of them reduced to mere skeletons."

"I have thus, my very worthy old friend, endeavoured to contribute towards your information and entertainment, by answering the different queries I lately received from you, in the best manner I

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am able. I ought, perhaps, in a former part of this letter to have acquainted you, that the Doctor has already some very respectable subscribers to both his classes of pupils, some of whom, among the male students, are kind and condescending enough to appear, not only as encouragers of the Professor's laudable undertaking, but even to ast publicly as affishants at his weekly exhibitions.— Equally ready on any future occasion to devote the little leisure I possess to oblige you,

I am, &cc.

\_\_\_\_, MAY 5th, 1786.

You have, I affure you, my dear Sir, very materially gratified the curiofity of a retired old friend, by your obliging account of the actual state of the new revived science of animal magnetism. Yet, as an old man, who is perhaps a little foured by the long experience he has had of the weaknesses and follies of mankind, you must allow me the liberty of faying, I cannot but be of opinion, that you have handled too lightly, and too much in the modern stile of levity. a subject which, though it is certainly a fair butt for the shafts of ridicule, yet at the same time appears to me big with fatal mischief to the morals of my

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fair

fair countrywomen: You will therefore excuse me, if I am rather more serious on the occasion than you have thought it necessary to be, or than the object appeared to you to merit.—You have often heard me fay I was personally acquainted with Mary Tofts, the famous rabbit breeder of Godalming; and that I knew the renowned Elizabeth Canning, and had attended many of her examinations. You know that I passed several nights in attending the knockings and fcratchings of the Cock-lane ghost; and we have together devoted a few occasional hours to the extraordinary lectures of the now forgotten Celestial Doctor. Yet to you, my friend, I will not hefitate to declare, that I consider the present endeavours to introduce fuch an abfurd doctrine as that of animal magnetism, as the most impudent and barefaced attempt ever conceived

ceived by the imagination of artful and frontless knavery, to impose upon the eafy credulity of mankind, or rather of womankind, as the weaker but most lovely part of the creation, feem to be the particular game for which these animomagnetical snares are obviously preparing. I trust, however, that the great share of native delicacy, and good fenfe, for which Englishwomen are so justly celebrated, will prove a fufficient guard against the principles of a doctine, which might otherwise prove so fatal to their virtue, and peace of mind.—Should not every woman shudder at the most distant idea. that it is in the power of a man, by any means whatever, to reduce her imperceptibly, and contrary to her inclination, to fuch a state as renders her totally infensible of what she is doing, and perfeetly indifferent about her actions; to a fituation

fituation indeed, wherein she is under the unavoidable necessity of submitting implicitly to whatever he may require of her! With what propriety then can any woman of refined fentiments entertain a moment's thought of becoming a member of a Society established on the supposed existence of such a destructive power; or countenance, even by occafional attendance, meetings where fuch tenets are publicly inculcated by precept, and attempted to be enforced by ridiculous, childish, and disgusting experiments. I may, perhaps, be deemed too anxiously ferious on this occasion; yet I cannot help wishing, that the fallacy, absurdity, and dangerous tendency, of this new-fangled prevailing madness may fall under the critical investigation and exposure of as acute and indefatigable a friend to mankind as the public spirited

tited detector of the once followed Pifcuyker, of Red-Lion-Square. If there are, as you inform me, any gentlemen, either of real rank, or tolerable exterior, who openly espouse the cause of animal-magnttism, I cannot avoid hinting, that their conduct in this particular must, in the opinion of the judicious part even of the fashionable world, most assuredly call in question either their common sense, or common honesty. With my most ardent wishes for the detection of imposture of every kind.

I am, &c.

FINIS.

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To which is added,

Mr. HASTINGS'S LETTER to WILLIAM DEVAYNES, Efq. Chairman of the India Company, from Cheltenham, July 11, 1785; on the subject of Money privately received. Price 1s. 6d.

